# Row 3851

Visit Number: 1f3dd1c70fb97dceaa6b6889cdc18a19da81785f15be7184b2ee3ca68267a6ec

Masked\_PatientID: 3851

Order ID: bdfa782dd990e898c67408b482ca4790686417a0cefc38b87f51f9fa9180b00a

Order Name: CT Chest or Thorax

Result Item Code: CTCHE

Performed Date Time: 09/4/2019 12:16

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY CT Thorax to r\o thymoma TECHNIQUE Contrast-enhanced CT of the thorax. Intravenous contrast: Omnipaque 350 - Volume (ml): 50 FINDINGS No mass is seen in the anterior mediastinum to suggest a thymoma. The lungs show atelectasis\ scarring in the middle lobe and left lingula. No enlarged lymph node is seen in the mediastinum and pulmonary hila. There is no pleural or pericardial effusion. Limited sections of the upper abdomen show multiple gallbladder calculi. Thereis also a 1.3 x 1.2 cm nodule in the genu of the left adrenal gland (series 4 image 101). The pancreas is atrophic. A subcentimetre diverticulum is seen in the hepatic flexure of the colon. A tiny subcentimetre non-obstructing calculus is also seen in the upper pole of the right kidney. There is generalised osteopenia. Degenerative changes are seen in the spine. CONCLUSION No mass is seen in the anterior mediastinum to suggest a thymoma. Report Indicator: Known \ Minor Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 2db529263297a04ea7a9179554f05eb9efb3a979cbfce9fb6d5400b32393e6ed

Updated Date Time: 09/4/2019 13:19

## Layman Explanation

This radiology report discusses HISTORY CT Thorax to r\o thymoma TECHNIQUE Contrast-enhanced CT of the thorax. Intravenous contrast: Omnipaque 350 - Volume (ml): 50 FINDINGS No mass is seen in the anterior mediastinum to suggest a thymoma. The lungs show atelectasis\ scarring in the middle lobe and left lingula. No enlarged lymph node is seen in the mediastinum and pulmonary hila. There is no pleural or pericardial effusion. Limited sections of the upper abdomen show multiple gallbladder calculi. Thereis also a 1.3 x 1.2 cm nodule in the genu of the left adrenal gland (series 4 image 101). The pancreas is atrophic. A subcentimetre diverticulum is seen in the hepatic flexure of the colon. A tiny subcentimetre non-obstructing calculus is also seen in the upper pole of the right kidney. There is generalised osteopenia. Degenerative changes are seen in the spine. CONCLUSION No mass is seen in the anterior mediastinum to suggest a thymoma. Report Indicator: Known \ Minor Finalised by: <DOCTOR>. In simpler terms, this means...

## Summary

No diseases detected.  
No specific organs mentioned.  
No symptoms mentioned.